# 2024

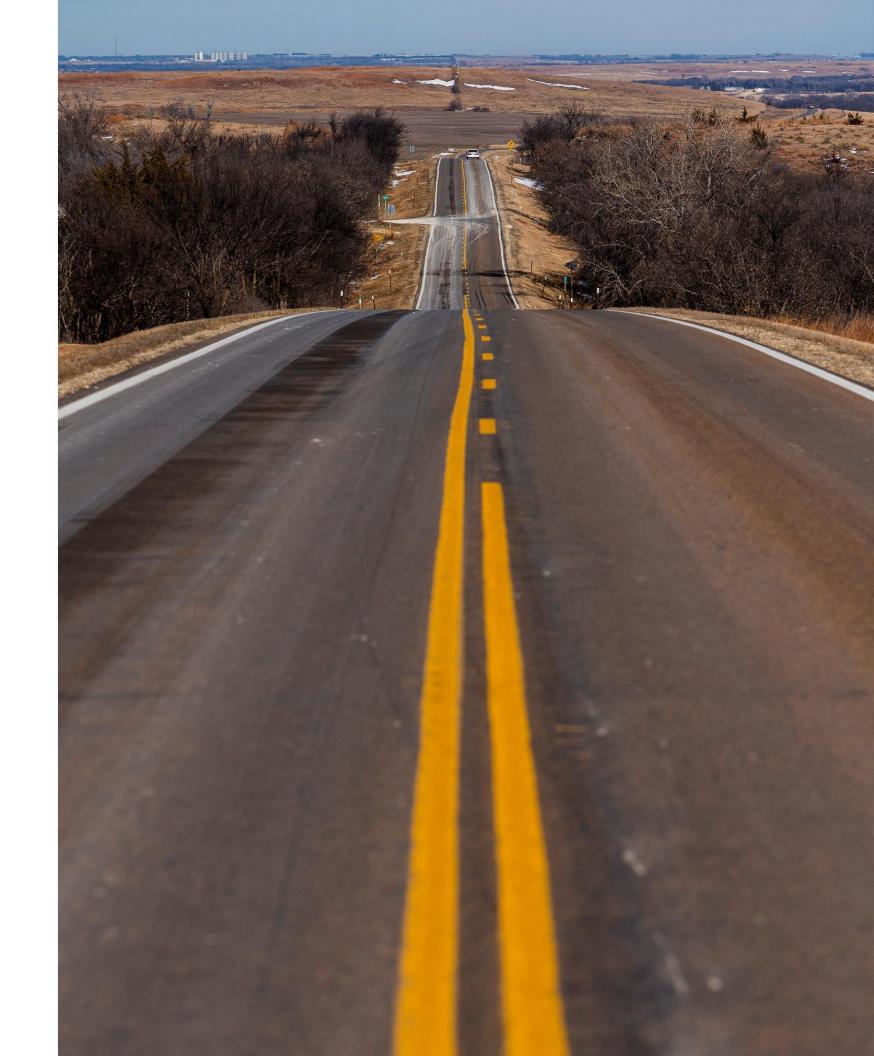
# Economic Impact of Motorcoach Group Travel in Kansas

Conducted by:



Prepared for:





# **Key Findings**

#### **Direct Spending Impacts**

On behalf of the American Bus Association, Tourism Economics conducted a detailed economic impact analysis that quantifies the important role of motorcoach group travel. Motorcoach group travel represents people traveling aboard motorcoaches as organized groups, including charter, group tour and sightseeing activities, and the associated spending. It excludes scheduled service and commuter travel.

Motorcoach group travel in the State of Kansas recorded an estimated 118 million passenger miles in 2024, supporting significant economic impacts nationally. Direct spending by motorcoach group travelers amounted to \$306 million in 2024, including spending on motorcoach transportation as well as a range of goods and services, such as accommodations and food and beverages.



\$217M

Day Traveler Spending



\$89M

Overnight Traveler Spending

M

=

\$306M

Direct Spending Impact

#### **Total Economic Impact**

The sector's direct spending impact of \$306 billion generated a total economic impact of \$655 million in the Kansas economy, which supported 4,614 part-time and full-time jobs and generated \$118 million in taxes.



### \$665 MILLION

**Total Economic Impact of Motorcoach** 

# MOTORCOACH GROUP TRAVEL

**DIRECT ECONOMIC FOOTPRINT ON KANSAS** 



MOTORCOACH GROUP TRAVEL \$306M







LOCAL SERVICES

\$3M

Source: Tourism Economics

Note: totals may not sum due to rounding.

11//

RETAIL

\$66M



# **Summary Impacts**

#### **Direct Impacts**

Motorcoach group travel generated \$306 million in business sales, \$107 million in wages and salaries, and supported nearly 3,000 jobs, contributing to \$75 million in taxes.

#### **Total Impacts**

When considering the total impact, including indirect and induced effects, business sales surged to \$655 million, wages and salaries tallied \$211 million, and job creation topped 4,600 jobs. Total tax revenue amounted to \$118 million, demonstrating a significantly broader economic footprint.

#### **Summary Impacts (2024)**

\$ millions, jobs

	Direct Impacts	Total Impacts
Business Sales	\$306	\$655
Wages and Salaries	\$107	\$211
Jobs	2,958	4,614
Total Taxes	\$75	\$118
State and Local	\$51	\$70
Federal	\$24	\$48



# **Business Sales Impacts**

Motorcoach group travel contributed a direct impact of \$306 million in 2024. This direct impact generated nearly \$349 million in indirect and induced impacts, resulting in a total economic impact of \$655 million in the Kansas economy.



\$306M +

Direct Sales

(refers to spending by motorcoach passengers)



\$181M

Indirect

Sales



Induced Sales



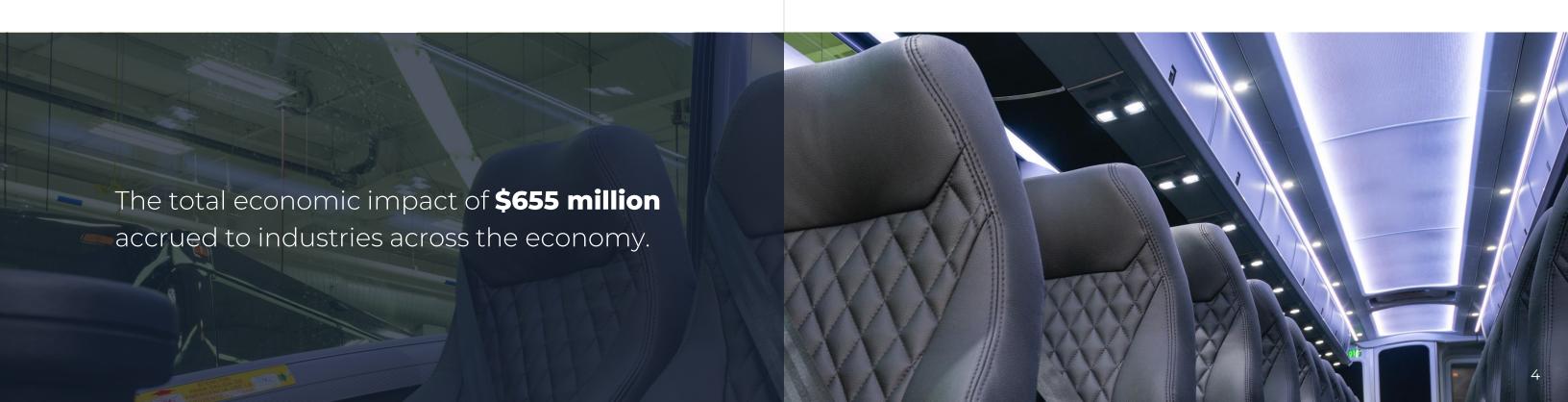
\$655M

Total Sales

#### **Business Sales Impacts by Industry (2024)**

\$ millions

	Direct Business Sales	Indirect Business Sales	Induced Business Sales	Total Business Sales
Total	\$306	\$181	\$168	\$655
Finance, Insurance, and Real Estate		\$61	\$48	\$109
Food and Beverage	\$92	\$4	\$12	\$108
Transportation	\$71	\$8	\$5	\$84
Retail Trade	\$66	\$2	\$16	\$84
Recreation and Entertainment	\$58	\$13	\$2	\$74
Business Services		\$44	\$13	\$57
Education and Health Care		\$2	\$30	\$32
Personal Services		\$12	\$8	\$19
Lodging	\$19	\$0	\$0	\$19
Communications		\$9	\$10	\$18
Wholesale Trade		\$9	\$8	\$17
Construction and Utilities		\$9	\$5	\$14
Manufacturing		\$6	\$6	\$12
Government		\$2	\$2	\$3
Agriculture, Fishing, Mining		\$1	\$2	\$3



# **Employment Impacts**

Motorcoach group travel sustained 2,958 direct jobs in 2024, with an additional 1,655 jobs supported from the indirect and induced impacts of group travel activity. The total employment impact reached 4,614 jobs, equivalent to 0.23% of employment in Kansas. Motorcoach group travel spending supported the largest number of jobs in the food and beverage industry (1,039).



2,958

Direct Jobs



Indirect Jobs





Induced Jobs



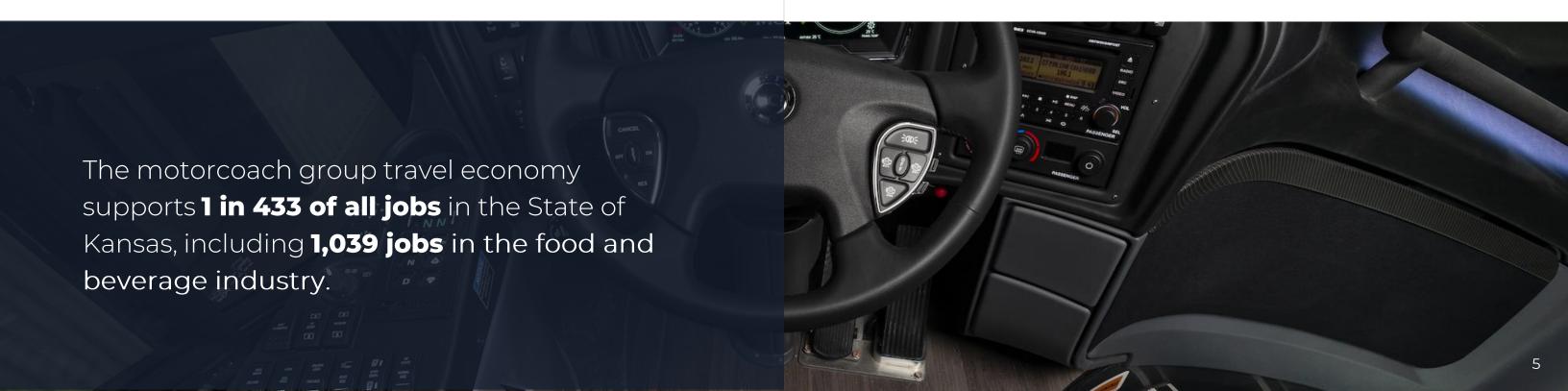
4,614

Total Jobs

#### **Employment Impacts by Industry (2024)**

Jobs

	Direct Jobs	Indirect Jobs	Induced Jobs	Total Jobs
Total	2,958	819	836	4,614
Food and Beverage	883	45	111	1,039
Retail Trade	715	15	135	865
Recreation and Entertainment	639	143	24	805
Transportation	551	63	37	651
Business Services		233	77	310
Finance, Insurance, and Real Estate		173	108	281
Education and Health Care		15	216	231
Lodging	170	0	1	171
Personal Services		62	72	134
Wholesale Trade		21	18	40
Communications		17	14	31
Construction and Utilities		13	10	23
Manufacturing		11	6	17
Agriculture, Fishing, Mining		4	5	9
Government		3	4	7



# **Wages and Salaries Impacts**

Motorcoach group travel generated \$107 million in direct wages and salaries and a total of \$211 million, including indirect and induced impacts.



\$107M +

Direct Wages and Salaries



\$53M

Indirect Wages and Salaries



\$50M

Induced Wages and Salaries



\$211M

Total Wages and Salaries

#### Wage and Salary Impacts by Industry (2024)

\$ millions

	Direct Wages & Salaries	Indirect Wages & Salaries	Induced Wages & Salaries	Total Wages & Salaries
Total	\$107	\$53	\$50	\$211
Transportation	\$36	\$3	\$2	\$41
Food and Beverage	\$28	\$2	\$3	\$33
Retail Trade	\$22	\$1	\$6	\$29
Business Services		\$20	\$6	\$26
Recreation and Entertainment	\$15	\$3	\$1	\$19
Finance, Insurance, and Real Estate		\$13	\$6	\$19
Education and Health Care		\$1	\$16	\$16
Personal Services		\$5	\$4	\$9
Lodging	\$6	\$0	\$0	\$6
Communications		\$2	\$3	\$5
Wholesale Trade		\$2	\$2	\$4
Construction and Utilities		\$1	\$1	\$2
Manufacturing		\$1	\$1	\$1
Government		\$0	\$0	\$1
Agriculture, Fishing, Mining		\$0	\$0	\$0

Source: Tourism Economics



Motorcoach group travel spending drives income across industries, including seven industries with more than \$15 million in total wages and salaries.

# **Tax Impacts**

Motorcoach group traveler spending, visitor-supported jobs, and business sales generated \$118 million in total government revenues. State and local taxes alone tallied \$70 million in 2024.

Each household in the State of Kansas would need to be taxed an additional \$99 to replace the motorcoach group travel-generated taxes received by state and local governments in 2024.

# Tax Impacts (2024) \$ millions

	2024
Total Tax Revenue	\$118
Federal	\$48
Personal income	\$17
Corporate	\$5
Indirect business	\$2
Social insurance	\$24
State and Local	\$70
Sales	\$44
Bed tax	\$2
Personal income	\$5
Corporate	\$2
Social insurance	\$0
Excise and fees	\$2
Property	\$15



# Geographical Distribution of Motorcoach Operations

#### **Motorcoach Operations in the State of Kansas**

To provide a comprehensive understanding of the motorcoach industry's footprint within the State of Kansas, this section identifies where direct group travel spending primarily takes place, highlighting key operational hubs and areas with higher concentrations of service providers. Specifically, the top three congressional districts with the highest concentration of operations are:

- · Kansas's Third Congressional District
- · Kansas's Fourth Congressional District
- · Kansas's First Congressional District

Understanding these locations offers valuable insights into the industry's infrastructure, facilitating strategic planning for both operators and stakeholders interested in the state's motorcoach sector.

#### **Fuel Usage**

The analysis reveals that the motorcoach industry, supporting group travel across Kansas, collectively consumed an estimated 2 million gallons of fuel in 2024. This figure accounts for the operational demands of the 276 motorcoaches in service in Kansas, reflecting the miles traveled to facilitate charter, packaged tours, and sightseeing excursions.





# **APPENDIX**

## **Economic Impact Methodology**

Our analysis of the motorcoach group travel impact begins with direct passenger spending and operator spending/expenditures and analyzes the downstream effects of this spending on the broader economy. To determine total economic impact, we input direct spending into a model of the state economy, constructed using an IMPLAN input-output (I-O) model. The model traces the full extent of industry impacts as dollars flow through the local economy. The state results are part of broader national research.

The study defines motorcoach group travel as the activity of transporting motorcoach charter, sightseeing and packaged tour passengers, and the additional spending by these passengers during their trip, such as on accommodations, food and beverages, and entertainment. This study measures the motorcoach and other jobs in the economy supported by passenger spending, as well as wages and salaries, taxes, and total business sales.

I-O models represent a profile of an economy by measuring the relationships among industries and consumers, quantifying three levels of impact:

- 1. Direct impacts: Motorcoach group traveler spending creates direct economic value within a discrete group of sectors (such as recreation and transportation). This supports a relative proportion of spending, jobs, wages, and taxes within each sector.
- 2. Indirect impacts: Each directly affected sector also purchases goods and services as inputs (e.g., food wholesalers, utilities) into production. These impacts are called indirect impacts or supply-chain effects.
- 3. Induced impacts: Lastly, the induced impact is generated when employees whose wages are generated either directly or indirectly by visitor spending spend those wages in the local economy. This is called the induced impact or income effect.

The Tourism Economics model calculates these three levels of impact—direct, indirect, and induced—for a broad set of indicators, including:

- Spending
- Wages and Salaries
- Employment

- Federal Taxes
- State Taxes
- Local Taxes

## **Economic Impact Framework**



# **Glossary of Terms**

#### **Glossary – Spending Definitions**

Term	Description
Motorcoach group transportation	Includes people traveling aboard motorcoaches as organized groups, including charter, group tour and sightseeing activities, and the associated spending. It excludes scheduled service and commuter travel
Lodging	All accommodation businesses, including hotels, B&Bs, campgrounds, and short-term rentals. This includes food, entertainment, and other services provided by these establishments.
Food and beverage	Includes all visitor spending on food & beverages, including at restaurants, bars, grocery stores and other food providers.
Recreation	Includes visitors spending within the arts, entertainment and recreation sector.
Retail	Includes visitor spending in all retail sub-sectors within the local economy, excluding grocery stores.
Local transport	Ride share, taxis, limos, trains, rental cars, buses, and gasoline purchases.

#### **Glossary – Economic Impact Definitions**

Term	Description
Direct Impact	Impacts (business sales, jobs, income, and taxes) related to businesses where motorcoach group travelers spend dollars (e.g., recreation, transportation, lodging).
Indirect Impact	Impacts created from the purchase of goods and services as inputs (e.g., food wholesalers, utilities, business services) into production by the directly affected sectors (i.e., business-to-business purchases).
Induced Impact	Impacts created from spending in the local economy by employees whose wages are generated either directly or indirectly by motorcoach group traveler activity.
Total Impact	The sum of the Direct Impact, Indirect Impact, and Induced Impact. It represents the comprehensive effect on business sales, jobs, income, and taxes within an economy resulting from motorcoach group traveler activity.
Employment	Employment is measured by the Bureau of Economic Analysis (BEA) definition, and captures full-time and part-time jobs, which includes salary and wage employees and proprietors.
Wages and Salaries	Labor income (wages, salaries, proprietor income and benefits) supported by visitor spending.
Local Taxes	City and county taxes generated by visitor spending. Includes any local sales, income, bed, usage fees, licenses and other revenue streams to local governmental authorities.
State Taxes	State tax revenues generated by visitor spending. Includes sales, income, corporate, usage fees and other assessments of state governments.

#### **About the Research Team**

This extensive research, undertaken to provide a thorough understanding of the motorcoach industry's economic footprint, was commissioned by the American Bus Association Foundation and carried out by Tourism Economics, a division of Oxford Economics.

Oxford Economics was founded in 1981 as a commercial venture with Oxford University's business college to provide economic forecasting and modelling to UK companies and financial institutions expanding abroad. Since then, we have become one of the world's foremost independent global advisory firms, providing reports, forecasts and analytical tools on 200 countries, 100 industrial sectors and over 3,000 cities. Our best-of-class global economic and industry models and analytical tools give us an unparalleled ability to forecast external market trends and assess their economic, social and business impact.

Oxford Economics is an adviser to corporate, financial and government decision-makers and thought leaders. Our worldwide client base comprises over 2,000 international organizations, including leading multinational companies and financial institutions; key government bodies and trade associations; and top universities, consultancies, and think tanks.

This study was conducted by the Tourism Economics group within Oxford Economics. Tourism Economics combines an understanding of traveler dynamics with rigorous economics in order to answer the most important questions facing destinations, investors, and strategic planners. By combining quantitative methods with industry knowledge, Tourism Economics designs custom market strategies, destination recovery plans, forecasting models, policy analysis, and economic impact studies.

Oxford Economics employs more than 600 full-time staff, including 350+ professional economists and analysts. Headquartered in Oxford, England, with regional centers in London, New York, and Singapore, Oxford Economics has offices across the globe in Belfast, Chicago, Dubai, Miami, Milan, Paris, Philadelphia, San Francisco, and Washington DC.

